

STORES TOLD CANDLERS LES

So Declares Salesman Involved in Slander Charges

(Continued From Page One.)

the finest woman I have ever met that it was practically an impossibility for her to entertain gentlemen in her rooms except in the presence of the girls she chaperoned, and during the whole convention she was kept busy from nine in the morning until two the next day.

"If there were any men associating with Mrs. de Bouchele outside of myself and Mr. Candler, they had to go some place. Mrs. de Bouchele was a pleasant and beautiful character. She always conducted herself as a lady and never gave any man an opportunity for making unbecoming advances.

"Le Gatte said that he had not communicated with any one in Atlanta since reading of the statements by Mrs. de Bouchele, but had immediately sought newspapers to say what he could to clear charges against Mrs. de Bouchele. He said the charges were astounding to anyone who knew Mrs. de Bouchele and that he was prepared to go to Atlanta at any time to "defend the honor of an insulted woman such as becomes a southern gentleman."

KEMAL SIGNS PACT ENDING WAR DANGERS

(Continued From Page One.)

"The suggestion to send an official commission of inquiry to delve into our affairs is a closed incident, according to the American government's declaration. America, apparently, has not agreed with us that it was only fair that we be allowed to send a committee to the United States to look into trade affairs and conditions generally, whereby Russia ultimately might be able to learn and profit by the American methods of doing things commercially.

"We were also ready unconditionally to allow private American business men to enter Russia for preparing or discussing business."

DEMOCRATS NOMINATE.

BRIGHAM, Oct. 11.—A Democratic mass convention was held Monday night at the courtroom of the county courthouse to nominate a candidate for city judge of Brigham and a candidate for constable of Box Elder precinct. Attorney Fred J. Holton was nominated for judge and R. A. Lee for constable.



**THE
BEST
COAL**

Little Tommy Tucker
Cries for his supper.
What will he get?
Plain bread and butter.

Wee Tommy's Mother
Burns the supper and smother
The family with smoke—
Their coal—what a bother!

If she only had guessed
That for heating her nest
Or cooking a meal
FARR BETTER'S the best!

ASAEL FARR COAL CO.
Yards and Office 156 24th Street
Ogden, Utah
Sole Agent for



DUAL MURDER SLEUTH MOBBED

New Jersey Citizens Protest Laying Crime on Boy, 19

(Continued From Page One.)

the people "have a right to know why she is being put in jail."

CONFESSION IMMEDIATELY.

At the end of the hearing, after she had testified to intimacy with Schneider and her father, she was officially committed for a week, pending a decision on the incorrigibility charge. Unofficially, it was said that she was being given a chance to "think over" the conflicting stories she has told. An additional reason for her incarceration was said to be the fact that she was too difficult to deal with when she was wanted for questioning. Nicholas Bahmer later was arrested as a result of the charges preferred by his daughter and held in \$10,000 bail following his arraignment.

Pearl, who was with Schneider when the bodies of Mr. Hall and Mrs. Mills were "found" two days after the murders, on more than one occasion, has given newspaper men working on the case reason to believe she knew more than she was telling. Incidentally, she has turned against Schneider, once admitted her sweetheart, and has sought to convey the impression that he knew more about the murders than Hayes, whom he accused of the crime.

TELLS FOUR STORIES.

Schneider, it was disclosed, told four different stories about his knowledge of the slayings before he reached the Hayes' commission of the crime, on which the authorities acted. After he had been trapped in preparations in the first four, said a state trooper, who was present throughout the long examination, Schneider would say:

"Well, let's go back and start all over again. I'll tell the truth this time."

His final story still fails to harmonize with facts about the murder, brought out from other sources, notably his insistence that neither Hayes nor he had cut Mrs. Mills' throat after the shooting, although an autopsy showed the head had been almost severed.

There are almost as broad discrepancies in his story of his whereabouts on the night of the murders and that told by Pearl Bahmer. Schneider said he was with Pearl for several hours that night before he saw Pearl going out with her father, and started trailing the pair with Hayes.

STORY CONFLICTS.

Pearl first said he was with her until about 9 o'clock. Then she said he was not with her at all. Detectives say they have practically established that he was not with her, and they are trying to check up on his movements between 8 and 9 o'clock, the period in which the murders are known to have been committed.

Schneider says it was about 1 o'clock when Hayes shot the minister and the choir singer "by mistake." All other witnesses have agreed that the screams and shots which wrote the finish to the Hall-Mills romance, were heard about 10:30 o'clock.

Despite these and many other apparent conflicts in his story, Prosecutor Beekman, of Somerset, insisted he had evidence enough against Hayes to justify the charge against him, and told news that he believed he could convict Hayes on evidence now in his possession. He refused to disclose the nature of this evidence, however.

WATCH IS STOLEN.

Hayes, in the county jail at Somerville, awaiting action by the Somerville grand jury and protesting his innocence of Schneider's charge. He adhered to his story that he and Schneider had come upon the bodies of the slain pair while hunting for Pearl and her father—that Schneider had stolen the minister's watch and that they had both decided to say nothing about their find.

Detectives and state troopers continued their efforts to uncover more evidence about the murders, many of them frankly expressing skepticism as to Schneider's story, and indicating they had leads which pointed to a wholly different solution of the case.

Disbelief in Schneider's story apparently has gripped hundreds of citizens of New Brunswick, many of whom have openly expressed conviction that the authorities were on a false scent. There was a report that several leading business men were planning to start a public fund for Hayes' defense, but this could not be confirmed.

Walter C. Sedan, counsel for Schneider, announced he would appear before Supreme Court Justice Parker in Trenton Thursday seeking his client's release on bail. He said Schneider could raise bail if it were fixed at not more than \$10,000.

There are 26 bones in the human spine and vertebrae.

COX DISCUSSES ITALY, AUSTRIA

Faults of Versailles Treaty Apparent; It Might Be Worse

(Continued From Page One.)

and a strong advocate of the theory of associated movements in behalf of peace.

The most interesting if not the most critical situation in Europe is in Austria. There has been a great deal of criticism over the establishment of new frontiers of which was the Austro-Hungarian empire. The first man I met in Vienna was an American who has been in the Austrian capital for several years. In unmeasured terms, he denounced the Treaty of Versailles for the frontiers created, implying that the succession states should not have been formed. He apparently overlooked the fact that the Bohemians, Hungarians and Serbs had been fretting at the leash for a long time.

AUSTRIAN ROYALTY HELPLESS IN CRISIS, IS REPORT.

It is unnecessary to recall the national ambitions which these races held. Enforced measures had developed the seeds of "revolution." It might be recalled pertinently in this connection that the killing of the Austrian grand duke in Serbia was the match that fired the magazine of war. The remnants of the old Hapsburg regime contend that Franz-Joseph, who was tottering and senile, and his successor, Carl, were both unequal to their tasks.

A story is told in Vienna of the old emperor who had actually been declared several days before he knew anything about it. One of his ministers was finally selected to advise him of what had happened. Without delay, the emperor issued a statement in which he declared that he was made that the declaration of hostilities had come. Franz-Joseph, with remaining impressions of the last century, said in many and Austria, said: "That's good. I hope we whip the Dutch this time."

Speaking of Carl brings to mind a piece of information which was supplied by a reliable journalist from Argentina. A very wealthy ranchman purchased a rope of pearls from the Empress Zita wife of Emperor Carl for over one million dollars. All the proceeds were turned in to Austria and carrying out Carl's last desperate attempt to regain the throne. Duplicitous on the part of important persons who were paid by Carl for assistance which was never given, is charged.

The journalist in question recently visited the former Empress Zita in Spain. He is living in circumstances of financial distress. An old castle has been turned over to her by the Spanish government and except for the support which has come from the children of King Alfonso, she and her children would starve. She bitterly reflects upon the contrasting conditions of her life and that of the Kaiser. He is said to be living in comfort and she cannot understand why something is not done for the Hapsburgs.

ILLS OF NEW STATES HELD LARGELY IMAGINARY.

Returning to the question of frontiers, what is now Austria and the three successor states, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Yugoslavia, one frequently encounters the expressed belief that out of the ruins of the war have come a confusion and distress that were witnessed under the old order. The logical response to this is that had the situation been what it is now, it would ultimately have been a disaster. Secret diplomacy and recurrent wars of conquest had gone on.

A man who has undergone a major surgical operation ordinarily believes that he would be immune to infection. He is told that the measures of relief are worse than the disease itself. In time he realizes that the germ would have been fatal and that his experience, though it involves great suffering, brings ultimate recovery. The success of the new order obviously presupposes that the recognition of national rights is to be enforced by the use of force. It is not to be, then, civilization, as we understand it, lacks the potential elements of self-preservation. The treaty was made by human hands, and one hand cannot wash the work is perfect. The war which had come to an end was not fought by two nations. Elements had entered into it. It was based upon the national aspirations of many and distinct racial groups all over the continent. The time came when the loose ends of extensive disorganization had to be put together. Authority had to be established and the laying out of frontiers, Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Yugoslavia do not possess homogeneous populations. It may be that if that be true, and tranquility is to be promoted by altered boundary lines the changes must come under the developing processes of peace and justice.

Two questions that persist are first, why so much of Hungary was given to Roumania, and second, why Austria was made a detached country while the independent city of Danzig was created in order to give Poland an outlet to the sea. The Hungarians are deeply aggrieved over the loss of population, fertile lands and the rich coal mines in Potoseny and Steteldorf. One is inclined to the thought that it might have been better to make Trieste an open port under the control of the League of Nations, the same as was done with Danzig.

A double-tracked railroad running from the territory of which is now Yugoslavia, Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland. It is one of the most important arteries in Europe and is vital to an economic order dependent upon harmony between these nations. If they do not recognize the importance of governmental accord, then Trieste may become a commercial morgue.

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Can Austria survive the chaotic state brought by dismemberment? Ex-Governor Cox discusses this in tomorrow's article.

NOT GUILTY IS PLEA OF FORMER OFFICIAL

SALT LAKE, Oct. 11.—Joseph W. Fox, formerly crops and pests inspector for Salt Lake county, entered a plea of not guilty when arraigned yesterday afternoon before City Judge Fred W. Crockett on charges of presenting false claims to the county. His case was continued for setting.

Mr. Fox and Julius Fisher, former deputy in the crops pests department, were arrested Monday following the discovery of an apparent discrepancy in their office. They were released upon bond of \$1000.

When radium is broken up by the release of atoms, the residue is lead.

CANDLER MUST PAY BEAUTY

Mrs. De Bouchele Declares Coca Cola Family Has Slandered Her

(Continued From Page One.)

ler met her at the pier in New York, she said.

Those rugged elements of his character which enabled him to rise to a comparatively low station in life to the height of financial standing attracted and fascinated me.

While he did not have a background of generations of courtly refinement, he possessed all the elements of a gentleman. He was, I thought, the ideal type; kind, considerate and solicitous of my welfare.

The most outstanding ruin of the debacle which confronts me today," she declared, after a pause, "is that the strong, masterful personality is plastic, molded into shape by the will of others. At heart, I believe him to yearn for the Utopia we had planned, but he was overcome by the desires of others. And the worst of all is his lack of faith in me."

HER SOUL SEARCHED.

"That he could be made to believe in the face of my proof the slanderous statements of dastardly slanderers, that I should be condemned without a hearing, was the last straw for my soul, and from this would have been the determination that the honored name of my ancestors shall not be blackened without defense, even though there only is a woman here to bear the sword."

Left an orphan early in childhood in New Orleans, where she was born, Mrs. de Bouchele attended the Holy Cross and the Immaculate Conception convent. Later she attended her education at Notre Dame in Canada. She then returned to New Orleans as a reigning beauty.

After a marriage, which ended unhappily, she became convinced that "the young man is incapable of fidelity" to his marriage vows," she said, adding that she became a "man hater" until her engagement to Candler occurred.

Until she has conferred with her attorney, Harry Gamble, whom she expected to arrive today, Mrs. de Bouchele said she would be unable to prosecute any court action, if any, would be taken.

Candler's only reply to her public statement was issued through his attorneys, after he was said to have left Atlanta. Tuesday, he asserted that confidential information given him by friends had made a marriage with Mrs. de Bouchele impossible and that he would not disclose the names of his informants.

The statement made public by W. D. Thompson, attorney for Mrs. Candler, followed one given out early in the day by Mrs. de Bouchele whose engagement to Candler was announced by a manufacturer and banker was announced several weeks ago. In her statement Mrs. de Bouchele severely criticized what she termed "this clumsy conspiracy and hideous slander, and Mr. Candler's refusal to divulge his sources of information reflecting upon her character which, she stated, he gave as reasons for his failure to proceed with original plans for their marriage."

DISMAYED BY PUBLICITY.

"Mrs. de Bouchele should have given such publicity to an unfortunate private affair," the statement issued by Mr. Thompson said. "Certain friends thought him incapable of confidence which made it impossible for a marriage between them to have been a happy one. He communicated this to Mrs. de Bouchele. He has not and would not disclose it to any one else. He feels that he would be unable to disclose the names of his friends, and thereby shift to them a responsibility which he alone will bear, unless these friends, at the proper time and place, would be willing to stand by the statements of Mr. Candler's 'friends' are utterly unfounded, and untrue, and I do not believe they are even believed by him." Mrs. de Bouchele said in reply to the statement issued by Mr. Thompson: "At my rate, the first statement in his letter to me before I came to Atlanta, accused me of receiving men in my room during the reunion here in 1919. This I disapproved of and told Mr. Candler and his son. Then they charged me with pleading with a traveling salesman to come and see me in my room at the Piedmont hotel, and only allowing me to leave more to his pleasure to come and see me in New Orleans."

DEMANDS RETRACTION.

Mrs. de Bouchele said she would demand and would have a retraction of slanderous charges against her character and the names of the persons responsible for their dissemination in Atlanta and elsewhere.

She had journeyed to Chattanooga several days ago, Mrs. de Bouchele said after Mr. Candler had telegraphed her at Reno that "circumstances possibly prevent my filling engagement with you on the twentieth."

All arrangements for the wedding completed for the wedding to take place at 6 o'clock on the evening of September 20. Mrs. de Bouchele said, Mutual friends had obtained the promise of the only Methodist minister in Reno to remain over from a vacation in order to perform the ceremony in compliance with Mr. Candler's wishes.

On Friday, before the date set for the wedding, she received Mr. Candler's first telegram stating his inability to fill the engagement. She then planned to postpone it as he had written her he was busily engaged in completing a bank merger and wanted to finish it before leaving on the Philippine honeymoon they had planned.

In a second telegram definitely breaking the engagement she said, she stated that he was writing full particulars.

The letter told of the charge which had been made against her character. Then followed her efforts to have him give her the names of the informants, which he had steadfastly refused to do. Then her attorney, Harry Gamble, of New Orleans, she again made efforts to obtain the names of the men who accused her. Mr. Gamble came to Atlanta from Chattanooga last week and it was after her inability to obtain the names that Mrs. de Bouchele came to Atlanta.

FEELS SORRY FOR HIM.

Mrs. de Bouchele in her statement which followed the conference with Mr. Candler and his son, said she could not understand the attitude of the capitalist. "I felt sorry for him," she stated.

"He told me he still loved me and wants to marry me, and that he does not believe this hideous slander which has been taken to him, and yet he refused to give the name of the man or men who accused me."

"He told me he was wretched and unhappy and did not care whether he lived or died," the statement continued, adding that "I have come here against all my training against all my instincts," Mrs. de Bouchele said, "but a good name is all a woman has, and I mean to put the dastards, who have conceived this despicable scheme to destroy me, behind the bars if there is any justice in Georgia."

CROWN PRINCE FEELING LONELY

Regrets He Can't Go Back To Aid in Reuniting Germany

(Continued From Page One.)

BALTIMORE, Oct. 11.—Regret that he cannot go back to Germany to aid in reuniting his country is the principal emotion of the crown prince in exile at Wieringen, Holland, according to an authorized interview with him, to be printed by the Baltimore Sun.

The cabled interview which is copyrighted by the paper, was given to Henry L. Mencken, the critic and essayist, who has been in central Europe for several months.

ISLAND IS DREARY.

McKenna comments on the dreariness of the island, which entirely cut off from the mainland for weeks during the winter. His narrative proceeds:

"But this deadly isolation has failed to make any noticeable impression on the spirit or frame of the prince. There are touches of gray in his sandy hair, but he still is erect as a drill sergeant, and as quick in speech and movement. Very tall, slim and lithe, and now smooth shaven, he looks much like a big boy."

"But certainly there is nothing immature about his ideas. Among all the Germans I have talked to during the past six weeks, ranging from high officials to newspaper editors, and from university professors to business men, I can recall none whose views of past and present events contain less of illusion. He discusses the war objectively and with great shrewdness, and accepts his present position uncompromisingly. It is uncomfortable, but so is every other German position."

REFUSES TO ANSWER.

"Germany," he said, "faces stupendous tasks and almost intolerable burdens and it is naturally hard for any German to stand by without taking a hand. I wish I could be more actively employed, but certainly have no desire to complicate the present situation by raising factional questions. I would be absurd, of course, to say dynastic considerations do not interest me, but they assuredly take second place in my thoughts. In such days as these I am first of all a German citizen and soldier. As such, my duty is precisely that of every other good German—to subordinate personal fortunes and even personal opinions to the common good. What we need today, above all, is national unity. A thoroughly united Germany would be unbreakable."

Asked the prince if he would vote, supposing himself at home.

"Certainly," he answered, "My wife always votes. Why shouldn't I?"

Watchful Major Muelndert evidently feared I would ask him how he would vote, but the prince himself saved the situation.

"I refuse to answer," he said with a smile. "The ballot is secret by law and I always try to obey the laws."

EXPECTED ABUSE.

"The prince takes a philosophical view of the extravagant tales about him circulated in America during the war. For example, the stories of wholesale burglaries in France. He collects such fables with humorous interest and was apparently delighted with several I contributed from the archives of the Creel press bureau.

"Such nonsensical libels," he said, "do not annoy me half as much as their authors probably think. Abuse of that sort goes with the trade I was born to. If Germany had won a sweeping victory, I'd have got, as a crown prince, far more than my fair share of the glory and applause. In defeat I get, perhaps, rather more than a fair share of the blame and execration, both at home and abroad, but such are fortunes of war for commanding officers here. Things go steadily from bad to worse—I don't mean in Germany."

FROM BAD TO WORSE.

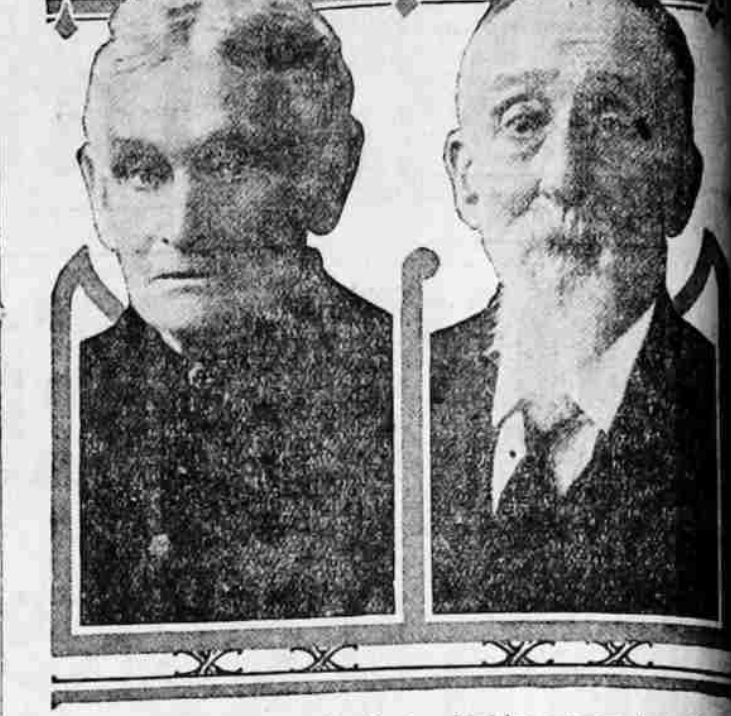
"Like most other Germans, the prince believes the European situation will never be genuinely remedied until the United States takes a hand in it. 'It rather surprises me,' he said, 'that the United States as a nation, shows little concern about the immediate future here. Things go steadily from bad to worse—I don't mean in Germany.'"

HOPES TO SEE U. S.

"The entrance of the United States into the war, threw the balance toward the allies and was largely responsible for their victory. But the United States opposed the treaty before it was signed and has never ratified it since. I am in hopes that the whole world as a plain warning. McKenna knows the situation thoroughly and he told the simple truth."

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Elderly Couple Find New Vigor Tanlac Again Proves Its Merit



Mr. and Mrs. George A. Davis, highly esteemed residents of Lansdowne, Md., who attribute their present good health to use of Tanlac.

That Tanlac is the ideal medicine for elderly persons has been proven in thousands of cases, but it is doubtful if any case is as interesting as that of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Davis, well-known and highly respected residents of Lansdowne, Md.

"I had pneumonia last spring, and it left me terribly weak," said Mr. Davis. "My stomach was upset, I scarcely ate a thing and there was always a terrible pain in my back. But Tanlac gave me a splendid appetite, my nerves are steady and I have regained my strength so I feel twenty years younger."

"I spent hundreds of dollars trying to get well," said Mr. Davis. "But nothing gave me the relief I wanted until I took Tanlac. I had stomach trouble so bad I could hardly eat a thing, and even had to go on a boiled egg diet. I was so racked with pain and so weak and nervous, once I actually felt and broke noose."

"But since taking Tanlac I now enjoy perfect health, have a fine appetite and my nerves are steady and strong."

NOTE—The International Pharmacy Co., distributors of Tanlac, have on file in their files at Atlanta, Georgia, over fifty signed statements from representative men and women from every state in the Union and every Province in Canada. Many of these are prominent people in their communities and have been previously published in this paper.

Tanlac is sold by all good druggists—Advertisement.

HAVE COLOR IN CHEEK

Be Better Looking—Take Olive Tablets

If your skin is yellow—complexion pallid—tongue coated—appetite poor—you have a bad taste in your mouth—a lazy, no-good feeling—you must take Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—stomach for calomel—were prepared by Dr. Edwards after 17 years of study. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive taste.

To have a clear, pink skin, bright eyes, a feeling of buoyancy, childhood days you must get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—have no dangerous after effects. They start the bile and overstimulation. Take one or two nightly note the pleasing results. Millions boxes are sold annually at 15c and

be executed. Falling in that he can see now way out save through catastrophe. That catastrophe, member, is not remote; it lies close around the corner.

The prince told me he was eager to see the United States that he must wait for better times. This is no time for Germany to travel. There is too much to do at home, and too little money

**Make Somebody Happy
on Saturday Oct. 14th**

Candy Day

Isn't there someone you want to make happy?

Everyone will know
OCTOBER 14th
is Candy Day

Mother, wife, sweetheart or kiddies will be looking for Candy on Candy Day.

Don't disappoint them.



Everybody Likes CANDY

What Would You Give For Good Eyesight?

City Physician Tells How to Strengthen Eyesight as Much as 50% in a Week's Time in Many Cases by a Simple Home Treatment.

Dr. Judkins, former Chief of Clinics at the Union Central Hospital, Boston, Mass., and House Surgeon at the New England Eye and Ear Infirmary, says: "I have found oculists too prone to operate and opticians too willing to prescribe glasses, while neglecting the simple formula which fortifies the eye. The Opto home treatment for the eyes. I am thoroughly convinced from my own experience with Bon-Opto that it will strengthen eyesight at least 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances."

Dr. Judkins' statement will bring hope to thousands of victims of eye-strain and other eye weaknesses, as well as to many who wear glasses because of weak eyes and defective vision. Many whose eyes were failing report remarkable results from the use of Bon-Opto.

One man says: "I was almost blind—could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses and my eyes do not hurt any more. At night they would pain me dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me."

A lady who used Bon-Opto says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using Bon-Opto for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can read even fine print without glasses. Another who used it says: 'I was bothered with eyestrain caused by overworked, tired eyes. I have worn glasses for several years both for distance and close work and without them I could not read. My own name on an envelope, or the typewriting on the machine before me, I can do both now and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can count the fluttering leaves on the

trees across the street, now, which for several years looked like a dim blur to me. I cannot express my joy for what Bon-Opto has done for me."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses will be able to discard them in a reasonable time and others will be able to strengthen their eyes and be spared the trouble and expense of getting glasses. If you have trouble with your eyes and want relief, go to any drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet into a fourth of a glass of water; with the liquid bathe the eyes. Repeat this four times. Notice your eyes clear up right from the start and inflammation and redness will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you even a little it is your duty to care for them now before it is too late. Many now hopelessly blind might have saved their sight if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: A prominent physician to whom the above was shown, said: "Yes, Bon-Opto is truly a wonderful eye remedy. Its ingredients are well known to eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have used it very successfully in my own practice on patients whose eyes were strained through overwork or misfit glasses. It is a prescription I feel should be kept on hand for daily use in the home. It causes no violent action, it is a simple preparation, the formula of which is printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in a week's time in many instances or your money will be refunded. Bon-Opto is sold by all good druggists.—Advertisement."